## كاملترين مرجع امتحانات نهايى




چچند ســلى اسـت كه اثر چند درصدى (!) معدل در كنكور سراسرى و افزايش هر ســاله آن، دانشا آموزان را به تلاش


هنوز چحنين مرجع كامل و دقيقى كه بتوان با اطمينان به آن اتكا كرد نيامده است.
 زير فراهم نموده است:

آا تمامى سؤالات طرح شده در اين مجموعه همگى از آزمونهاى نهايى در دههى اخير هستند. بنابراين با داشتن اين مجموعه مطمئن باشيد تمامى سؤالات طرح شده در آزمونهاى نهايى را خواهيد داشت. TI


 كلى و چیيدمان امتحان آشنا شويد و بتوانيد در نزديكى امتحان خود را را بسنجيد.

بنابراين براى مرور در هر درس با بر روشــى متفاوت و اصولى از بقيه دروس مواجه مى شـــويد كه تســلط شما بر مفاهيم كتاب و آزمون را در زمان كمر بان بالا برده. IW تمامى سؤالات به صورت مختصر و مفيد پاسخ داده شداند.

بنابراين فرصت داريد درستى معلومات خود را به بهتر ين وجه محكى بزنيد.

 و ... آورده كه توصيه مى كنيم حتماً آن را مطالعه كنيد.

پی اين مشـاور هها را جدى بكيريد و ايدههاى طرح شــده را عملى كنيد تا با آرامش و اطمينان در جلسـه اطمينان شركت كنيد.

 به همراه كليد تصحيح آوردهايم.

بنابراين با نحوهى نمرهدهى و تصحيح اوراق نيز آشنا مى شويد. در پايان، اميدوارم اين مجموعهى ارزشمند، گامى در جهت كاهش دغدغههاى آموزشى شما عزيزان باشد.

## مقدمهىمؤلف

بحههای عزيز، قبل از هر چیز، يعنى حتى قبل از اينكه اين كتاب را ورق بزنيد، سر سختانه پيشنهاد مى كنم كه قسمت مقدمه را در كمال آرامش و با دقت مطالعه كنيد.


 Reading
شــيوه طبقهبندى ســؤالات امتحان نهايى در اين كتاب براســاس 9 درس كتاب زبان انگَليســى خودتونه. اما چون سؤل
 استرس و r سؤال مربوط به Reading رو نمى شه در تقسيمبندى مربوط به دروس جا جاى دای داد، براى اونا دوتا فصل جداكانانه، يك فصل براى سؤال استرس و يكى فصل براى Reading در نظر گرفتم.
 سؤالات گرامر لازم است كه حتماً در سنامه رو كامل بخرانيد.







سؤال ه و \& و

در مور اســترس و Reading موضوع فرق داره. موقعى برو ســر وقت اســترس كه معلمت مثلاً صداى /Z/ و/ و/IZ/ رو درس داده باشــهـ.
 اما Reading رو از نزديكاى عيد، وقتى تقر يباً كتابت تمام شـــده شـــروع كن. چون براى پاســـخ دادن به سؤالات Reading تو بايد به
 فهميه. وقتى هم كه كتاب روكامل خوندى، نزديكاى امتحانت كه شد، سؤالات امتحانات نهايى آخر كتابرو حل كن.

## 相

اكه اون موقع هم بخريش يه كمى دير كردى، اما عيبى نداره. معمولاً بعد از عيد موقع دوره همه معلماى مدر ســـه تونه.



 امتحانا همه شو خونده باشين.





| درّ | درّ | درس | درس سوهم | درس دو | درس اول |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rv | 14 | $r$. | Mr | H1 | 41 | سوال |
| - | Mr | rr | 4 | rV | rı | سوال |
| 9 | rı | ra | rı | Mr | ras | سوال |
| 9 | rı | ra | 19 | $r$. | fr | سوال ז\% |
| 19 | 11 | 0 | fr | 4 | IV | سوال ه: |
| 1. | r | 1. | - | $\stackrel{4}{ }$ | $r$ | سوال \%: |
| 4 | - | rr | - | 4 | 10 | سوال V: |
| f | 1 | v | 0 | 0 | $\wedge$ | سوال |
| $r$ | rr | rq | - | rv | 11 | سوال 9: |


| صداى \|z/Iz/ $/$ / | صداى // / و / | كدام كلمه از نظر تلفظ فرق دارد. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | r |  |


| چند سیلابى | سيلاب دوم | سيلاب اول | كدام كلمه از نظر stress فرق |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | rr | Mf | داره |





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سؤالاتويإسخنامهىامتحانات نهايه

## Lesson TV or No TV？

## E．＠uestion 1

## ا）كلمات ناقص（ا به طور كامل بازنويسى كنيد．از نوشتن صروف بپ تنهايى فوددارى كنيد．

## （3）Jgl angono

1．My brother is aver－ge．He is about 170 centim－ters．
（14）
2．Some TV chan－els show only a $\mathbf{s}$－ngle type of program．
（14 ©（د）
3．Our interests and feeling do not have any effe－ts on our memory．
4．Parents were $\mathbf{g l}$－ $\mathbf{d}$ to end the daily strug－le among family members．
（＾人）
5．Among families who successfully didn＇t use TV，several $\mathbf{o b}$－ervations were reported．
（ १ $_{0}$（فرداد）
6．The biggest gro－p of TV vie－ers are housewives．

7．For famil－es with children a big pr－blem is getting the children away from TV．
（2）oge angnono
8．TV may have a bad ef－ect on children＇s eyes－ght．
（A다（فرداد）
9．Her av－rage is low．She is wor－ied about it．
（人トF）
10．Some channels show only a single $\mathbf{t}$－pe of program such as $\mathbf{m u}$－ic or news．（ فرداد 1 （
11．We should choo－e a good system of education for children．
（14 s）
12．Some children str－ $\mathbf{g}$－le on TV programs．Dinner times are more relaxed without the pres－ure of TV．（ 1 （
13．There are many TV ch－nnels in this country．So，people have a w－de choice．
（ $\mathrm{A} \vee \mathrm{s}$ ）
14．What we remember is infl－enced by our way of thinking and emotional feelings．

16．More than $\mathbf{h}$－ndreds of millions of vie－ers follow their countries fortunes on TV．
17．Dinner times were more rel－xed without the pres－ure of TV．
18．They switched the conve－sation to a different topic．
（14）s）
19．Some TV ch－nnels show only a single type of pr－gram．（＾＾）（ش）
20．What is the ef－ect of TV on people＇s lives？Do you strug－le on a TV program？（ 1 ？（ 1 ）
21．An $\exp$－riment showed that several families could live without $T V$ in a certain peri－d．
（\％（\％مهريور）

## （8）م）0jlig angono

22．Some of the new words of a lang－age may be forgotten soon．
（ فرداد
23．Your aver－ge is very low．I am sure practice will impr－ve it．
（AFF（شهريوا）
24．A lot of vie－ers follow their countries fortunes on TV．
25．Without the press－re of TV，children were relaxed and their eyesi－ht improved a lot．（فرداد＾9）

27．They can cho－se between as many as forty different TV ch－nnels．（دی）
28．An unusual $\exp$－riment was done $\mathbf{r}$－cently．（ $1 \wedge$（ $s$ ）

## （3）nail angono

29．A new rese－rch showed that the av－rage person spent 3 hours a day watching TV．
30．Watching too much TV may have a bab ef－ect on your eyes－ght．
31．There are a lot of the－ters in Tehran．So，people have a wide cho－ce．
32．Some families were $\mathbf{g l}$－d to end the exper－ment successfully．
33．Ali＇s $\boldsymbol{a} \boldsymbol{v}$－rage was low．He tried to impr－ve it．
34．Dinner times were more $\mathbf{r}$－laxed without the press－re of TV．
35．Several $\mathbf{o b}$－ervations about the effe－ts of TV were reported．
36．The invention of telephone was wond－rful．
37．They said in $\mathbf{f}$－ture they would watch only cert－in programs．

## Question 2

## ر）يا استَفاده از كلمات داده شده هملات（ير（ا كاهل كنيد．（يى كلمr اضظفى است）

## （3）Jgl angnano

## Relaxed－Improve－effect－end－eyesight－choice－choose

## 1．Today many people believe that technology can

 our daily lives．2．What did your father do last Friday？＂He stayed at home and $\qquad$ ．．＂

3．He loves to help people．Helping people is his $\qquad$ in life．

4．Watching TV may have bad effects on your $\qquad$
5．Talking on the phone for a long time has a bad on your ears．

6．There are a lot of TV channels in this country，so peple have a wide． $\qquad$ （AF（s）

## foge angono

Worried－average－improve－influence－choice－relaxed－eyesight
7．＂How can I my average＂？＂You should study more＂．
$\qquad$ was very low．She studied harder and improved it．

9．I want to buy a book for my little son．Can you help me to make a good
10．Parents should be careful about their children＇s
11．If you are $\qquad$ about your final exams，you should study harder．

12．Computers can have $\qquad$ almost on all parts of our daily lives．

## og－ifangono

## Improve－struggle－pressure－relax－allow－channel－members

13．He has changed his study habits．This will $\qquad$ his average a lot．
（へ人 心）
14．We do not $\qquad$ people to smoke anywhere in the building．

15．Your father is sick．He should $\qquad$ for a few days．

16．The long $\qquad$ between two countries has continued for ten years．

17．On Fridays，all $\qquad$ of our family are at home．

18．The $\qquad$ of the city life forced him to work day and night．

## (8) مilta angono

32. It is impossible for Maryam. $\qquad$ in Shiraz before Thursday.
1) arrives
2) to arrive
3) arriving
33. It is possible for him $\qquad$ good marks if he studies hard.
1) gets
2) to get
3) getting
34. It is easy for him. a good supermarket in this town.
1) to find
2) finds
35. It is easy for him. these words correctly.
3) finding
4) find
5) pronounces
6) pronounce
7) to pronounce
8) pronouncing
(A) QuルOS\{ஙกO囚6
9) با هر كروه از كلمات (ير يك بملم كاهل بئويسيد.
( 90 (فرداد)
(А)
(V
(90)
1. It was difficult for him to understand the lesson.

Understanding.
2. Is it necessary for every student to know a new language?
(فرداد 1 (فو)
Yes, knowing $\qquad$ .
3. Running fast is difficult for a fat man. ( 19 )
It is $\qquad$ .
4. Is it important for you to answer this letter?

Yes, answering $\qquad$ .
5. Is it difficult for him to climb the tree?
( $\wedge$ (فرداد)
Yes, climbing $\qquad$ .. .
6. Is it easy for her to learn English?
(NF)
Yes, learning $\qquad$ .

## ES Question 8



१）چِاسْ سوالات قسمت A（ا از بين بوابهای قسمت B انتفاب كنيد．（يى چָاسخ اضافى است．）
（3）Jgl angono

## A

1．What do you do in the evenings？
2．What＇s your flight number？
3．What time is the film on？
4．What do you do in your free times in winter？
5．When is my flight please？
6．What time can we go into the museum？
7．What do you do at weekends？
8．What time is my flight，please？
（2）oge angnano
1．When did you arrive at the airport？
2．What＇s your ticket number？
3．When does the shop close？
4．Does your job need a university degree？
5．Can you solve this math problem？
6．What does your little sister do in the evening？
7．What do you do at weekends？

## （3）50g．il angnano

## A

1．What does your brother read in the evenings？
2．When does the boss get to work？
3．How can I get to Pars hospital？
4．Was your coffee good？
5．What does he do at weekends？
6．When did you arrive home？

## B

I read a newspaper．
（فرداد（ف）
There＇s a show at 7 and one at 10 ．
We go skiing on weekends．（ $\wedge \wedge$（s）It leaves the airport at 5 p．m．（ $\wedge \wedge \mathrm{s})$It opens at 9 a．m．（ $\wedge \wedge \mathrm{s})$I just rest and watch TV．（فرداده（ $\wedge$（That leaves at 10：30．
（ غرداد 1 ）Half an hour．

## B

At eight o＇clock．（А9（شهر）379
（А9）At three in the afternoon．
Yes，high school diploma isn＇t enough．（90（10）（10）I Watch football．
（فراد（A4）No，my field is physics．
Most of the time she watches cartoons．
（
About an hour．

## B

He reads a newspaper（＾4 心s）He goes to the park．
$(\wedge \boldsymbol{\mu})$At seven o＇clockYes，it tasted nice．
P At eight o＇clock．
（A $\Delta \Delta$ ）That＇s a good idea．

## Chapter Reading

## Question 11

## Part: 1

## (9) Jgl angnano

We understand from the sentences.

1. We find in such countries a far larger number of people with university degrees than there are jobs for them to fill.

We understand from this sentence that in some countries,

1) jobs are filled by people without university degrees.
2) there are enough jobs for people with university degrees.
3) people can get university degrees and then find jobs immediately.
4) the number of jobs is less than the people with university degrees.
2. The film wasn't as good as we had expected before watching it. We understand from this sentence that, $\qquad$ (فرداد ${ }^{\circ}$
1) we didn't watch the film, but enjoyed it.
2) we watched the film, but didn't enjoy it
3) we watched the film two times.
4) we didn't watch the film at all.
3. The world is changing all the time, so are words. We understand from this sentence that, $\qquad$ (90)
1) the world is changing the words.
2) the world and the words are changing all the time.
$3)$ the world changes, but the words never change.
3) only the words change all the time.
4. Most things are forgotten in the first hour or day after they are learned, but less is forgotten after a week of so. We understand from this sentence that,

1) the pace of forgetting doesn't change
2) after a week nothing is forgotten.

3 ) forgetting is what we don't learn.
4) forgetting is rapid at first, then slows down.
5. John was ashamed of showing his chemistry mark to his father. We understand from the above sentence that. $\qquad$

1) he didn't get a bad mark
2) he probably got the best mark
3) he probably got a weak mark
4) he is surely a stupid student
6. The winter Olympics are always held in countries with snow-covered mountains. We understand from the above sentence that $\qquad$

1) hot countries can't hold the Winter Olympics.
2) the Winter Olympics are held in all countries.
3) mountains are always covered with snow
4) the Winter Olympics can be held in any month.
7. If we do not use our arms or our legs for some time, they become weak. Memory works in the same way. We understand from these sentences that
( (فرداد)
1) our memory becomes weak if we use it.
2) we shouldn't use our legs or our arms for some time.
3) our memory becomes weak if we don't use it.
4) our memory doesn't need practice.
8. "Did the man explain the accident to the police?" "Yes, he did, but not completely." We understand from the above dialog that .. .
(А人 شهريو)
1) the police were responsible for the accident.
2) the police didn't need the man's help.
3) the man didn't tell the police the details.
4) the man couldn't explain the accident at all.
9. Long ago in Egypt, men made sheets of paper from papyrus. But today's paper is not made of papyrus at all. We understand from the above sentences that
1) papyrus is not now used for making paper.
2) today paper can not be made in Egypt.
3) sheets of paper are now made of papyrus.
4) we still use papyrus to make paper.
10. The teacher asked Reza not to come to school late any more. We understand from the above sentence that Reza .
( ( $\Delta$ (شهريو)
1) never comes to school late
2) always comes to school early
3) always comes to school on time
4) sometimes comes to school late

## ) ogp angoan It means that.

1. Takhti was an Iranian athlete. He is the father of wrestling. These sentences mean that. $\qquad$

1) Takhti's father was an athlete
2) Takhti was a great wrestler
3) Takhti was an a thlete in wrestling like his father
4) Takhti didn't help to improve wrestling in Iran
2. If a foreigner you are talking with can't speak Farsi very well, Try to help him. This sentence means that you should.
1) find another person who can speak Farsi better.
2) give the person encouragement and listen carefully.
3) stop talking with him and be silent.
4) not talk with the foreigners at all.
3. computers are helping doctors to research disease, chemists to design drugs and disabled people to learn skills. The above sentence means that. $\qquad$
1) computers are used in research projects.
2) computers should only do certain tasks
3) disabled people do research to design new drugs
4) doctors teach the disabled people different skills

## بانكسوالات

## آمنمـونهاىنـهابى

| بسمه تعالى |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| مدت امتحان: 11 دقيقه |  | \|| ساعت شروع: 1 صبح | كليه رشتههاى نظرى | سوالات امتحان نهايى درس: |  |  |
| تاريخ امتحان: |  |  | سال سوم آموز ش متوسطه |  |  |  |
| ITq. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| نمر | سوالات |  |  |  |  | رديف |
| $\stackrel{ }{ }+$ | توجه: لطفا تمام پاسخها را را ر پاسخنامه به ترتيب شماره بنويسيد. <br> كلمات ناقص را به طور كامل بازنويسى كنيد. <br> A.B. We were forced to $\mathbf{s w i t}-\mathbf{h}$ the conversation to a different $\mathbf{t}-$ pic. <br> C.D. The families $\mathbf{d e}$ - ided in future they would watch only certa - $\mathbf{n}$ programs. <br> E.F. Psychologists believe that forge - ting doesn't take place at an even $\mathbf{p}-\mathbf{c e}$. <br> G.H. In any soc - ety we need farmers to produce food and doctors to $\mathbf{c}-\mathbf{r e}$ the sick. <br> I. J. I visited a lot of at - letes and great wres - lers at Azadi Stadium yesterday. <br> K. L. He is watching footall. He is $\mathbf{j}$ - mping up and down. He is very $\mathbf{e x}$ - ited. <br> M. N. Among families who su - cessfully didn't use TV, several ob - ervations were reported. <br> O. P. Since you can give instr - ctions to a computer, it can do so many $\mathbf{t}$ - sks at the same time. |  |  |  |  |  |
| F | 1. We do not ................. people to smoke anywhere in the building. <br> 2. I didn't want anyone to know I'd been failed in the exam because I felt................. . <br> 3. He was awarded the first prize in the national photography ................. . <br> 4. Mina could pick up small $\qquad$ by her hands whan she was eight months old. <br> 5. People need to change their eating $\qquad$ and include more vegetables in their meal. <br> 6. Computers can $\qquad$ a lot of information in a short time. <br> 7. Parents should teach their children to behave $\qquad$ in the school. <br> 8. We didn't have enough money for a movie, so we went to the park .. |  |  |  |  | $r$ |
| $r$ | شكل صحيح كلمات داخل يرانتز را در جاهاى خالى بنويسيد. <br> 9. Parents play an important role in their children's <br> 10. He looked around, but the streets were empty, and the sky was ................. . (cloud) <br> 11. You haven't typed this letter. $\qquad$ There are many mistakes in it. <br> 12. Your teacher can give you $\qquad$ on choosing a job. <br> 13. They gave us a lot of $\qquad$ advice about our new project. <br> 14. Don't worry. The $\qquad$ of the fire will soon make the room warmer. <br> (hot) |  |  |  |  | $r$ |
| $r$ | 15. Someone whose religion is Islam is called $\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{n})$ $\qquad$ <br> 16. We need people to clean our streets and take the . $\qquad$ away from our houses. <br> 17. The international . $\qquad$ are held every four years in different countires. <br> 18. The doctor explained that the $\qquad$ inside our head can control our thinking and feelings. 19. A married woman who works at home doing the cooking, cleaning etc, but does not have a job. outside the house is called $a(n)$ $\qquad$ <br> 20. Scientists make giant $\qquad$ which are orbiting out through space. |  |  |  |  | F |
|  | 》ادامهى سوالات در صفحهى دوم" |  |  |  |  |  |



| $r$ | پاسخ صحيح را از بين گزينههاى داده شده انتخاب كنيد. <br> 21. "Would you mind not turning off the music?" I'm just listening . $\qquad$ <br> a. it to <br> b. to it <br> c. them to <br> d. to them <br> 22. I'm afraid the the secretary won't be able to finish $\qquad$ all the reports today. <br> a. type <br> b. to type <br> c. typing <br> d. types <br> 23. She loves something $\qquad$ something that makes her laugh. <br> a. amuse <br> b. amused <br> c. amusing <br> d. amusingly <br> 24. The apples grown in your garden taste very $\qquad$ . Everyone likes them. <br> a. well <br> b. bad <br> c. good <br> d. badly <br> 25. I'm looking for a $\qquad$ clock for my table. <br> a. brown cheap Japanese <br> b. cheap brown Japanese <br> c. Japanese cheap brown <br> d. Japanese brown cheap <br> 26. I'm tired $\qquad$ watching television; let's go for a walk. <br> a. from <br> b. for <br> c. with <br> d. of | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| r | با هر گروه از كلمات زير يك جملهى كامل بنويسيد. <br> 27. to drive / it / a car / for - boy / possible / little / is / a ? <br> 28. many years / monkeys / been / in / have / this lab / studied / for. | 9 |
| r | پاسخ صحيح را از بين گَزينههاى داده شده انتخاب كنيد. <br> 29. Where should the English sentence be written? <br> We don't know $\qquad$ <br> 30. She ordered me, "Don't touch my books on the shelves." <br> She ordered me $\qquad$ | V |
| r | با توجه به تصاوير به سوالات زير پاسخ كامل دهيد. <br> 31. What is he going to do? climb <br> 32. What has made Maryam so happy? | $\wedge$ |
|  | »ادامهى سوالات در صفحهى سوم" |  |

## مجموعه كتابهاى مرجع نهايى



